



National  
Qualifications  
2023

TUESDAY, 25 APRIL

9:00 AM – 11:30 AM

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**Geography  
Global Issues and  
Geographical Skills  
Ordnance Survey Map**

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The colours used in the printing of these map extracts are indicated in the four little boxes at the top of the map extract. Each box should contain a colour; if any does not, the map is incomplete and should be returned to the Invigilator.





ROADS AND PATHS

- Not necessarily rights of way**
- M1 or A61M1
  - A35
  - A30
  - B3074
  - Motorway
  - Dual carriageway
  - Main road
  - Narrow road with passing places
  - Road under construction
  - Road generally more than 4 m wide
  - Road generally less than 4 m wide
  - Other road, drive or track, fenced and unfenced
  - Gradient: steeper than 20% (1 in 5)
  - 14% (1 in 7) to 20% (1 in 5)
  - Ferry: Ferry P – passenger only
  - Path

RAILWAYS

- Multiple track
- Single track
- Standard gauge
- Narrow gauge, tramway or light rail system
- Road over; road under; level crossing
- Cutting; tunnel; embankment
- Station, open to passengers; siding

PUBLIC RIGHTS OF WAY

- Not shown on maps of Scotland**
- Footpath
  - Bridleway
  - Byway open to all traffic
  - Restricted byway (not for use by mechanically propelled vehicles)
- The representation on this map of any other road, track or path is no evidence of the existence of a right of way.

OTHER PUBLIC ACCESS

- Other routes with public access
  - Recreational route
  - National Trail
  - Permissive footpath
  - Permissive bridleway
  - Traffic-free cycle route
  - National cycle network route number – traffic free; on road
- The exact nature of the rights on these routes and the existence of any restrictions may be checked with the local highway authority. Alignments are based on the best information available.
- Footpaths and bridleways along which landowners have permitted public use but which are not rights of way. The agreement may be withdrawn.

BOUNDARIES

- National
- County (England)
- Unitary Authority (U.A.)
- Metropolitan District (Met Dist.)
- London Borough (L.B.) or District
- Civil Parish (CP) (England) or Community (C) (Wales)
- National Park

HISTORICAL FEATURES

- Site of antiquity
- Site of battle (with date)
- VILLA
- Roman
- Non-Roman
- Visible earthwork

Information sourced from Historic England, Historic Environment Scotland and the Royal Commission on the Ancient and Historical Monuments of Wales.

GENERAL FEATURES

- Gravel pit
- Sand pit
- Landfill site or slag/spoil heap
- Solar farm
- Slopes
- Place of worship
- Current or former place of worship – with tower
- Building; important building
- Glasshouse
- Youth hostel
- Bunkhouse / camping barn / other hostel
- Bus or coach station
- Lighthouse; disused lighthouse
- Beacon
- Triangulation pillar
- Mast
- Windmill with or without sails
- Wind pump; wind turbine
- Electricity transmission line
- Boundary post
- Boundary stone
- Cattle grid
- Clubhouse
- Footbridge
- Milepost; milestone
- Monument
- Post office
- Police station
- School
- Town hall
- Normal tidal limit
- Well; spring

HEIGHTS AND NATURAL FEATURES

- Ground survey height
- Air survey height
- Surface heights are to the nearest metre above mean sea level. Where two heights are shown, the first is the height of the natural ground in the location of the triangulation pillar, and the second in brackets to a separate point which is the highest natural summit.
- Contours
- Vertical face/cliff
- Outcrop
- Scree
- Loose rock
- Boulders
- Water; mud
- Sand; sand and shingle
- Coniferous trees
- Non-coniferous trees
- Coppice
- Orchard
- Scrub
- Bracken, heath or rough grassland
- Marsh, reeds or saltings

ACCESS LAND

- Firing and test ranges in the area. Danger! Observe warning notices
  - Access information point
  - Access land
  - Access land in wooded area
  - Coastal margin
  - Access permitted within managed controls, for example, local byelaws.
  - National Trust for Scotland, always open
  - National Trust for Scotland, limited access – observe local signs
  - Forestry and Land Scotland, normally open – observe local signs
  - Woodland Trust Land
- In Scotland, everyone has access rights in law (Land Reform Scotland Act 2003) over most land and inland water, provided access is exercised responsibly. This includes walking, cycling, horse-riding and water access, for recreational and educational purposes, and for crossing land or water. Access rights do not apply to motorised activities, hunting, shooting or fishing, nor if your dog is not under proper control.

TOURIST AND LEISURE INFORMATION

- Building of historic interest
- Garden or arboretum
- Public house(s)
- Boat hire
- Golf course or links
- Public toilets
- Boat trips
- Historic Scotland
- Recreation, leisure or sports centre
- Cadw (Welsh heritage)
- Horse riding
- Slipway
- Camp site or Caravan site
- Information centre, seasonal
- Theme or pleasure park
- Castle or fort
- Museum
- Viewpoint
- Cathedral or Abbey
- Mountain bike trail
- Visitor centre
- Craft centre
- Nature reserve
- Walks or trails
- Country park
- National Trust property
- Water activities (board)
- Cycle hire
- Other tourist feature
- Water activities (paddle)
- Cycle trail
- Parking / Park and ride, all year / seasonal
- Water activities (powered)
- English Heritage
- Phone; public, emergency
- Water activities (sailing)
- Fishing
- Picnic site
- Watersports centre (multi-activity)
- Forestry Commission visitor centre
- Preserved railway
- World Heritage site or area

Scale 1: 25 000

